

SHUTTING UP SHOP? HARDSHIP AND HOPE ON BRITAIN'S HIGH STREETS

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IN A NUTSHELL



High streets are in crisis, but this isn't new: we need to understand the context



Place attachment helps us to understand why high streets matter to people and policymakers



Community businesses can make a significant difference in high streets that have fallen on hard times



There are long-term, **entrenched challenges** to overcome, and community
businesses are not a quick fix



CRESR was commissioned by Power to Change to look at how community businesses can help to meet the challenges of UK high streets. The research, completed earlier this year, builds on my previous work on high streets and town centres and considered three questions:

- How can community businesses succeed in high street contexts?
- How can community businesses contribute to high street regeneration?
- What long-term difference can we make by supporting community businesses in high streets?

DEFINING THE HIGH STREET

'A named street predominantly consisting of retailing, defined by a cluster of 15 or more retail addresses within 150 metres' (Office for National Statistics, 2020)

'Streets or small collections of streets which act as the physical centre of a local community' (Brett and Alakeson, 2019)

High streets have a threefold centrality within communities:

- Physical: they contain a cluster of buildings and public spaces
- **Economic**: they contain a cluster of activities (not just shops) that generate income or provide services
- Social: they are a focus for people who gather to work, access services, and relax – and who may live there



EXPERIENCES

LOCATIONS

GIFT CARDS

CONTACT U

movies, EXCEPT that the unlikely saviour was a corporation of all things, Harvertech. Now to keep the Zombie Infection under control citizens are advised to participate in the Harvertech vaccination program. Your closest vaccination outpost is **The Complex** in **Basingstoke**. What could go wrong?!

- 2 hrs of epic zombie action!
- Gruesome movie quality zombie make up and effects
- An explosive story driven, immersive zombie adventure!
- No hidden costs, ammo & weapons provided
- · Free photos with cast & crew!
- · Venue in Basingstoke, Hampshire.

BUY NOW

BLOODBATH IN BASINGSTOKE

BLOOD BATH IN BASINGSTOKE

KILLERS IN THE COMPLEX

As a solution and method to keep the Zombie Infection that has already swept the nation and weeded out the weak, under control the monolithic and somewhat mysterious Harvertech corporation has quite charitably put together a vaccination program for those who remain. The nearest outpost for receiving your free shots containing the live (or should that be undead?) virus is in the middle of what used to be a Shopping Centre in the middle of Basingstoke.

The medical outpost is a re-purposed leisure centre. It seems like everything in the post-apocalyptic world has been re-purposed and redesigned. Shopping centres have become fortresses, fences have become barricades and ordinary citizens have become weapon wielding warriors! Unfortunately for visitors to the outpost though the new nurse at the outpost didn't really get the memo about lifting one's game and following quarantine procedures is not her forte...





U KEY INFO

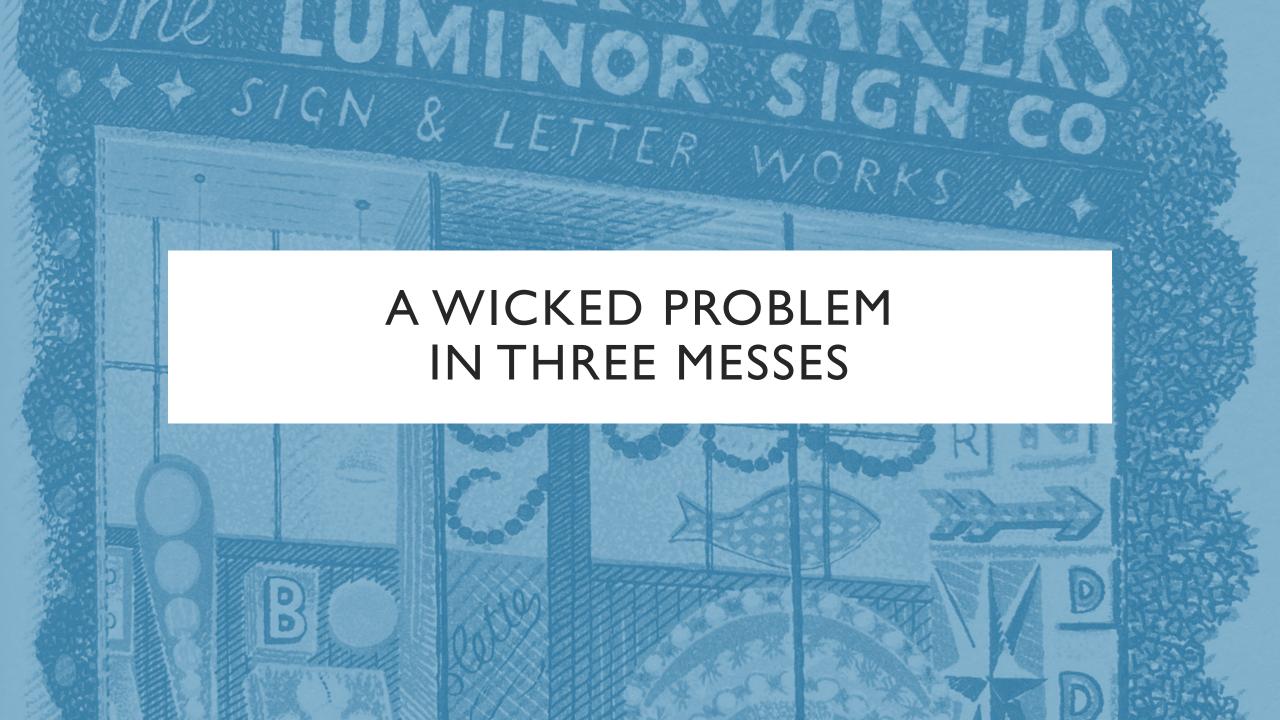


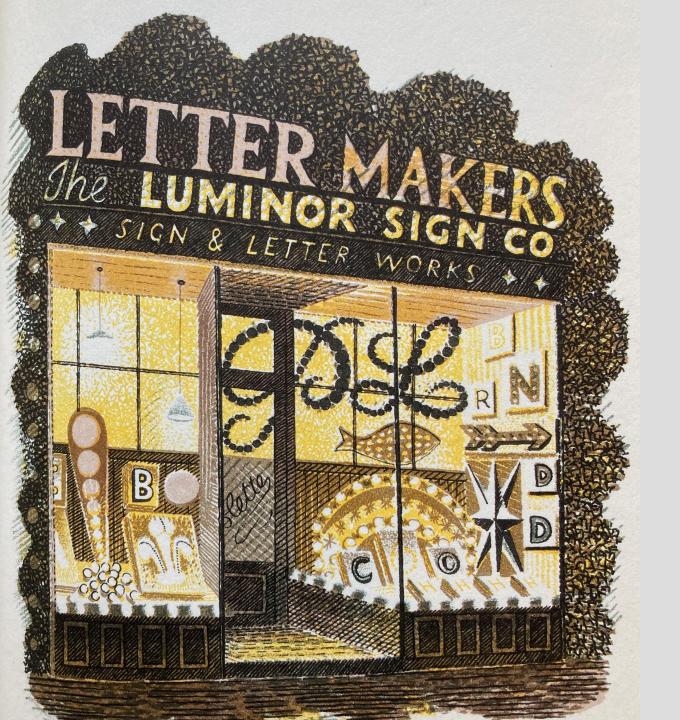
Upon arrival at the 'The Complex' you will mmediately be swept up into an immersive horror story line based in a zombie apocalyptic world! You will be welcomed as a guinea pig, we mean, as a sensible citizen willing to do your bit to protect yourself and the rest of humanity by having your harvertech injection.

That be said, as is often the case in Zombie Apocalypse scenarios nothing ever does go as planned and word is that the quality and quarantine standards at this particular medical facility are not exactly world class. What could go wrong when the

"... There is a concern that the high street shopping environment to which society has grown accustomed ... is changing and we are not sure whether we will like either how it will change or what it will be changed to."

Dawson, J. (1988). Futures for the High Street. The Geographical Journal, 154(1), 1-12. 'The "crisis" has been pretty much perpetual since the 1950s when the supermarkets first arrived, and the high street has been in supposed crisis pretty much constantly ever since, so this is not new ... because people aren't really diagnosing what's happening they are proposing superficial solutions, all things which do no harm, improvements and tree planting and pop-up businesses and all those sort of things, but actually what they're not doing is understanding the depth of the issues facing the high street.'





MESS ONE: CHANGING RETAIL TRENDS

- Changing social and leisure habits: pubs, places of worship in decline, fast food, vape shops and tattooists up
- The rapid demise of the department store: 388 stores closed between 2016 and 2021, 83% of space (Jahshan, 2021)
- Digital transformation: internet sales now account for 27% of retail spending (ONS, 2022)



MESS TWO: DYSFUNCTIONAL PROPERTY SYSTEMS

- Increasing involvement of private equity investors seeking to 'flip' assets (Grimsey, 2012)
- Distant landlords are concerned with capital value and lack local market knowledge and connections
- Neglect has become a feature of declining local markets: assets have higher book values than use values
- Business rates do not reflect the real costs or value of high street activities



MESS THREE: PUBLIC SERVICE DECLINE

- Public services have increasingly vanished from local high streets (post offices, courts, health services, council offices)
- Austerity has stripped local government of much knowledge and capacity, especially in planning
- Local government spending power has fallen 26% since 2010, while social care now accounts for 61% of spending (NAO, 2021)



service. The town centre will not be the same.

Glyn Turner

Place attachment: a bond between people and places, comparable with the bond between children and their carers. Such bonds have 'a strong positive effect in defining our identity, in filling our lives with meaning, in enriching it with values, goals and significance.'

(Guiliani, 2003: 137)

service. The town centre will not be the same.

Glyn Turner

Place identity: 'The symbolic meanings given to a place as an individual becomes psychologically invested in it.'

Place dependence: the ways in which a place meets a person's physical, social and economic needs. (Anton and Lawrence, 2016)

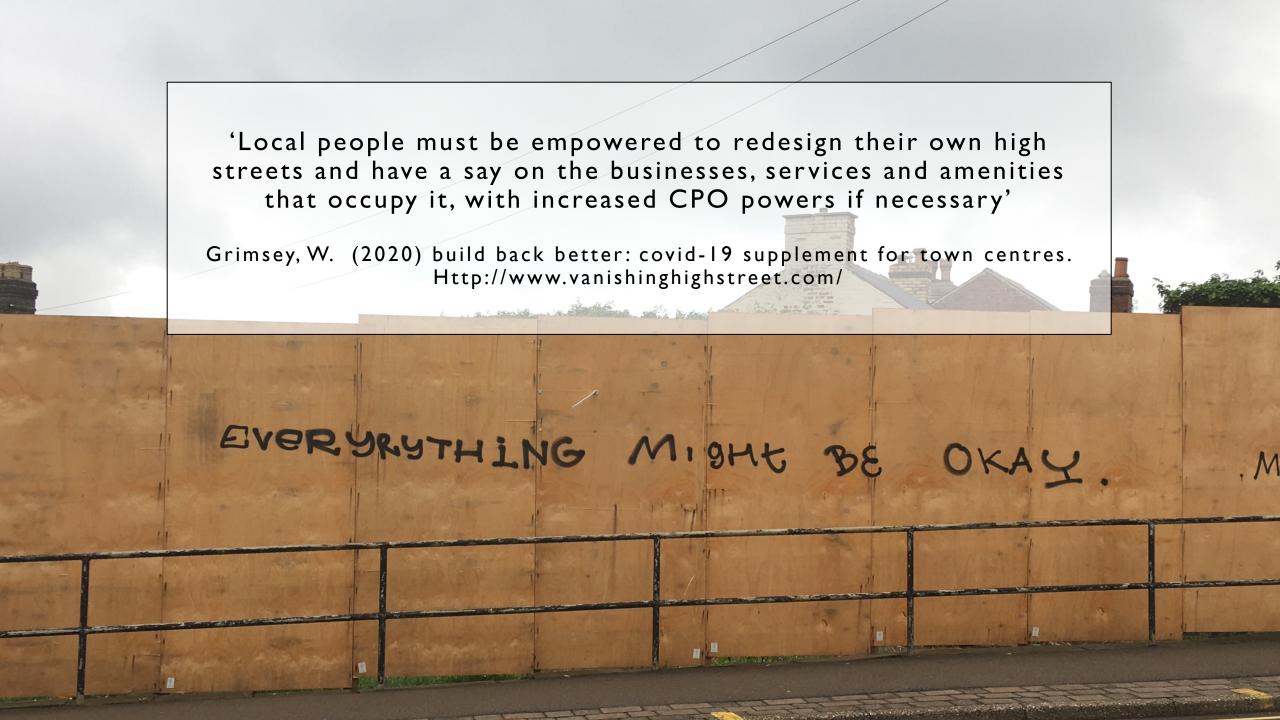
So sorry you have left 1 remember shopping for Sheffield. Many thanks to school shoes here here had all the staff for their would but we a koy, a where we came as well. friendship, knowledge of My grandma also has special merrories. Will products and after sales he such a share to service. The town centre see the store 30. A will not be the same. read hub of the commity Gilyn Turner A shopper I remember gelling my sirst Present For my girl & riend & rom John Le wis.



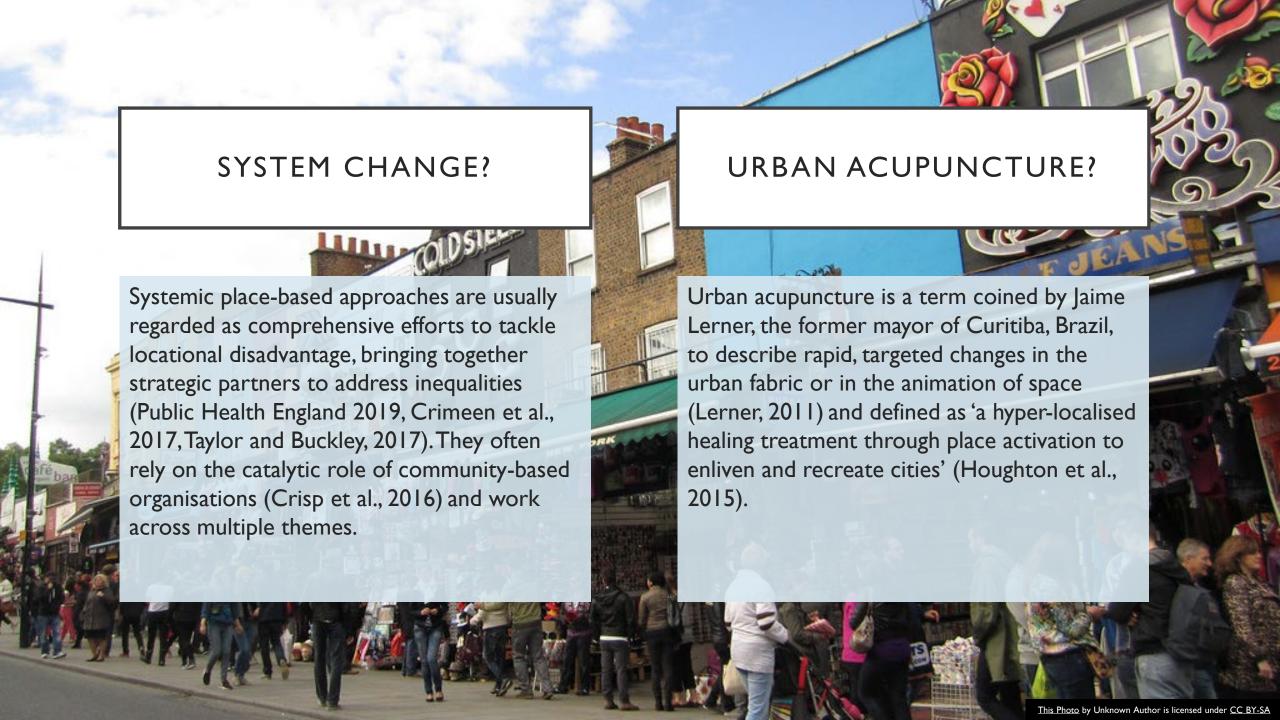


'Nostalgia is adaptive: it helps to put together broken parts, builds a bridge between past and present, increases self-esteem and life satisfaction, and reinforces social ties.' Lewicka, M. (2014). In search of roots: memory as enabler of place attachment. In: Manzo, L., & Devine-Wright, P. Place attachment: Advances in theory, methods and applications. New York: Routledge











THE OPPORTUNITY FOR COMMUNITY BUSINESSES

- restoration of **symbolic spaces** that are regarded as locally significant;
- re-use of available spaces left vacant by their owners;
- repurposing of **adaptable spaces** that can meet community needs;
- attracting new customers who can bring new activities into high streets; and
- creating new constellations of interests to drive change.

HOW COMMUNITY BUSINESSES CAN CONTRIBUTE TO WIDER REGENERATION

Regeneration concerns the wider economic, social and cultural wellbeing of the high street. Community businesses can occupy niches in the high street economy where change can be catalysed. These include:

- A niche in **time**, occupying and animating buildings on a temporary or 'meanwhile' basis while the private market recovers;
- A niche in space, bringing landmark buildings back into use or occupying a cluster of buildings that can create wider ripple effects;
- A niche in **the market**, bringing new economic activities into a high street to complement and expand the existing offer.

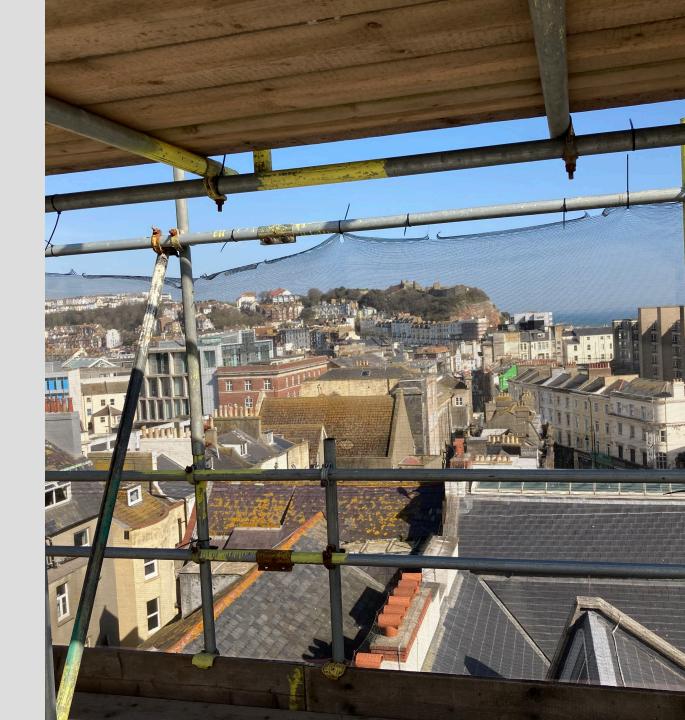


CASE STUDY: HASTINGS COMMONS

A focal point: community activity has mobilised around acquiring and repurposing a landmark building, the Observer newspaper office

An evolving coalition: several organisations and social entrepreneurs have come together to repurpose a cluster of buildings and spaces, all within walking distance, for arts, learning, housing, business and community space

A long term vision: it has taken 15 years of community engagement, planning and fundraising to reach the point where the Observer building is now being converted for community use



PERILS AND PITFALLS

affordability and accessibility

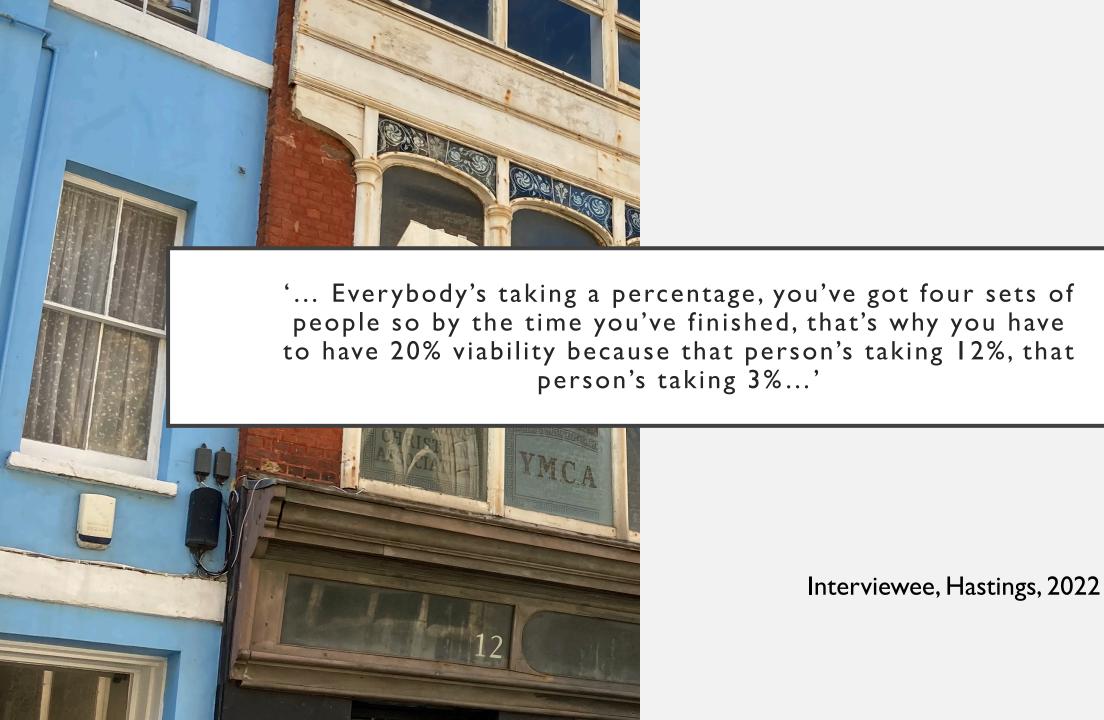
funding

inappropriate policies

poor planning

loss of local government capacity

insufficient community capacity





tewartes

01706

'What you get from funders never works the way it ought to work. We're treated like beggars all the time - the rules we experience all the time are so stupid. We have to come up with stupid solutions all the time because of the stupid rules.'



Interviewee, Hastings, 2022



Jua

Mousi Jose

Guille

Design

'Treasury metrics are land value uplift which we don't care about, and labour supply which is based on tax revenue. It just doesn't capture any of the good things we do.'



Interviewee, Hastings, 2022

WHAT KIND OF SUPPORT IS NEEDED?

help in getting access to property at the right price

financial support, including at-risk seed funding

supportive governance and regulation

help in building skills and networks



Community businesses can **create clusters of activity** with a focus on social purpose and the common good.

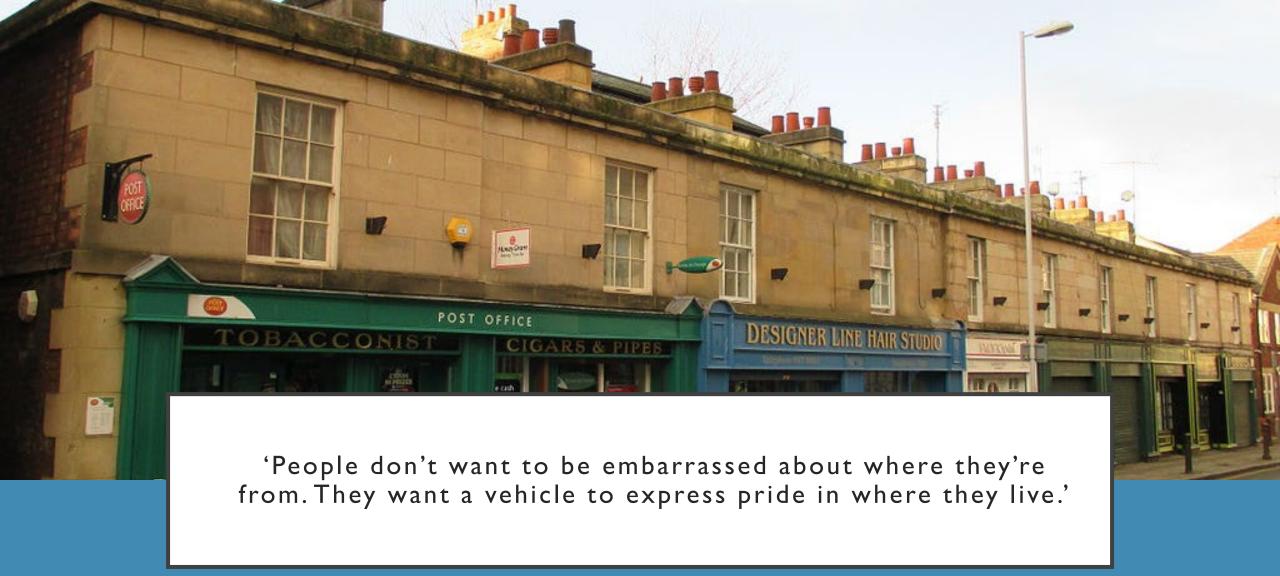
They can support new or emerging forms of economic activity, including hybrid commercial and social businesses

They can help to **slow down or prevent gentrification**, keeping value within communities. Community asset ownership, supported by appropriate finance, can help to prevent boom and bust cycles.





Interviewee, Huntly, Aberdeenshire, 2022



Council officer, Wirral, 2022

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